

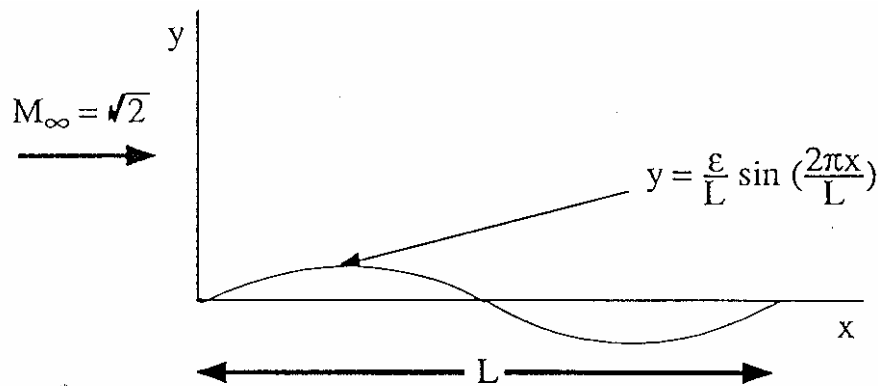
## Computer Problem #2: PDE and Method of Characteristics

**Distributed Monday September 15, 2003**  
**Due Wednesday October 1, 2001**

1. Classify the following system of equations using matrix method as well as the auxiliary equation method.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + 8 \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial t} + 2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

2. Consider the situation in which a uniform inviscid supersonic flow with free-stream Mach number  $\sqrt{2}$  encounters a sine wave wrinkle in the floor of a wind tunnel, as shown in the sketch below:



The this type of steady flow is governed by the linear equations:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} &= 0 \\ \frac{\partial v}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

where  $u$  and  $v$  are perturbation velocity components in the  $x$ - and  $y$ -directions, respectively. Let us assume that, prior to encountering the sine-wave from the left, no perturbations are introduced into the flow so that  $u=0$  and  $v=0$  along  $x=0, y>0$ . Further, let the velocity normal to the free stream at the lower boundary be given by:

$$v(x, y=0) = \frac{2\pi\epsilon}{L^2} \cos\left(\frac{2\pi x}{L}\right) \quad 0 \leq x \leq L$$

(Note that the above condition may be applied at  $y = 0$  because the perturbation velocities are assumed to be small.) Determine the solution for the perturbation velocities using the method of characteristics, assuming that  $\epsilon = 1, L = 10\Delta x$ , and  $\Delta x = \Delta y = 1.0$ . Write a computer code to calculate the values of  $u$  and  $v$  at all grid points and plot the fields using contours.

Strategy: Derive the characteristic and compatibility equations and associated conservative quantities (called Riemann invariants), and then make a sketch of the net of characteristic curves. Knowing what is conserved along the characteristics, apply the boundary conditions to determine the constants of integration and then determine  $u$  and  $v$  at each point in the mesh, beginning at the left edge and proceeding in the  $x$  direction (be cautious at the point  $0,0$ ). Your computer code should solve for the entire net of points, and you should make a 2-D contour plot of the final solution. Pay attention to the coding style and code performance, and hand in your computer code.